Material Safety Data Sheet

United States English

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	Streptaviain-Aikaline Phosphatase Conjugate, 2 mi					
Catalogue Number						
Material uses	Industrial application	ons: Analytical chemistry. Re	eagent.			
Product type	L íquid.					
Validation date	25 May 2011					
Print date	26 May 2011					
Supplier	GE Healthcare UK L Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire H England +44 0870 606 1921	IP7 9NA				
In case of emergency	US	ChemTrec (US)	1-800-424-9300			
	Canada	ChemTrec (US)	1-703-527-3887			
2. Hazards ident Physical state Odor OSHA/HCS status	Liquid. Not available.	sidered hazardous by the O	SHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).			
Emergency overview	ØANGER!					
Precautionary measures	IRRITATION. MAY C. ORGAN DAMAGE. Øo not breathe vap	AUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT I	GH SKIN OR SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN RRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET lise only with adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on when using this product. Keep container tightly closed.			
Devites of entry	Wash thoroughly after handling. Øermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.					
Routes of entry	Dermar contact. Ly	e contact. Initialation. Ingest	юп.			
Potential acute health effects						
Eyes	Irritating to eyes.					
Skin		t with skin. Irritating to skir				
Inhalation			o the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition effects may be delayed following exposure.			
Ingestion	Very toxic if swallow					
Potential chronic health effects						
Chronic effects	Contains material t	hat can cause target organ	damage.			
Carcinogenicity		nt effects or critical hazards				
Mutagenicity	No known significa	nt effects or critical hazards				
Teratogenicity	No known significa	nt effects or critical hazards				
Developmental effects	No known significa	nt effects or critical hazards				
Fertility effects	📈 known significa	nt effects or critical hazards				
Target organs	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: the nervous system, mucous membranes, heart, brain, upper respiratory tract. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).					
Inhalation	respiratory tract irri	may include the following: tation				
Ingestion	coughing No specific data.					
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Skin	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
Eyes	redness Kdverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
	watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure	Fre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Composition/information on ingredients 3.

Name	CAS number	<u>% by weight</u>
trometamol	77-86-1	<20
Magnesium chloride, hexahydrate	7791-18-6	1 - 5
Sodium azide	26628-22-8	1.47

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	$m{\kappa}$ a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable Not suitable	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. None known.
Special exposure hazards	Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	Kvoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.





Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 0. Exposure con	
Product name	Exposure limits
🕏odium azide	ACGIH (United States, 2000).
	CEIL: 0.11 ppm
	OSHA (United States, 1989). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.1 ppm
	CEIL: 0.1 ppm
	NIOSH (United States, 1994). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.3 ppm
	CEIL: 0.1 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).
	C: 0.29 mg/m³, (as Sodium azide) Form: as Sodium azide ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Notes: as hydrazoic acid vapor
	C: 0.11 ppm, (as hydrazoic acid vapor) Form: as Hydrazoic acid vapor
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: NAN3
	CEIL: 0.3 mg/m ³ , (NAN3)
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: as HN3
	CEIL: 0.1 ppm, (as HN3)
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. Notes: as HN3
	CEIL: 0.1 ppm, (as HN3)
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. Notes: as NaN3
	CEIL: 0.3 mg/m³, (as NaN3)
Recommended monitoring	🕅 this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological
procedures	monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures
F	and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Engineering measures	ablase only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering
	controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and
	using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove
	potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash
	stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	
Respiratory	$artilde{ u}$ se a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk
	assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated
	exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times
	when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eyes	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates
Chin.	this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the
controls	requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering
Controls	modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Flash point	Product does not sustain combustion.]
Color	Colorless.
Volatility	0% (v/v)
VOC Solubility	♥ % (w/w) [ISO 11890-1] ♥asily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.





Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Stability	The product is stable.
Materials to avoid	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Inder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Inder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions of reactivity	Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts, oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture. Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity								
Product/ingredient name		Result		Specie	S	Dose	E	xposure
trometamol		LD50 Oral		Rat		>3000 mg/kg	-	-
Magnesium chloride, hexahydrate		LD50 Oral		Rat		7333.3 mg/kg	, -	-
Sodium azide		LD50 Derm	nal	Rabbit		20 mg/kg	-	-
		LD50 Derm	nal	Rat		50 mg/kg	-	-
		LD50 Oral		Rat		27 mg/kg	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.							
Sensitizer								
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.							
Classification								
Product/ingredient name		ACGIH	IARC		EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Sodium azide		A4	-	-		-	-	-

Section 12. Ecological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Environmental effects**

Aquatic ecotoxicity					
Product/ingredient name	٦	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
Sodium azide	-		Acute EC50 6.4 to 8.9 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Simocephalus serrulatus - LARVAE	48 hours
	-		Acute EC50 4.2 to 6.2 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - LARVAE	48 hours
	-		Acute LC50 0.68 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - 0.6 g	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.				
<u>Biodegradability</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.				
Other adverse effects	🕅 o known significa	ant effects or critical l	nazards.		

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	
Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.		

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Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.





Section 14. Transport information

International transport regulations

Not classified.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification	Highly toxic material Irritating material Target organ effects
U.S. Federal regulations	FSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determinedUnited States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Sodium azideSARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: Sodium azideSARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Sodium azideSARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Sodium azide:(acute) health hazard

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Kot listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Kot listed

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements	Product name	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
	Sodium azide	26628-22-8	1.47
Supplier notification	Sodium azide	26628-22-8	1.47

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	The following components are listed: SODIUM AZIDE
New York	The following components are listed: Sodium azide
New Jersey	The following components are listed: SODIUM AZIDE
Pennsylvania	The following components are listed: SODIUM AZIDE (NA(N3))
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	KII components are listed or exempted.
International regulations	
International lists	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.Japan inventory: Not determined.Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	Rot listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	Rot listed



Chemical Weapons Convention	Not listed
List Schedule III Chemicals	

Section 16. Other information MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN Label requirements IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. Flammability **National Fire Protection** Health C Instability Association (U.S.A.) Special Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. History Date of printing 26 May 2011 Date of previous issue 14 September 2009 Date of issue 25 May 2011 Version 4 Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



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