Candida Medium M104

Candida Medium is used for cultivating Candida species.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Mycological peptone	2.500
Dextrose	5.000
Disodium hydrogen phosphate	5.000
Sodium sulphite	5.000
Bismuth sulphite indicator	3.000
Agar	15.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.6±0.2

^{**}Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Directions

Suspend 35.5 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. Cool to 50 - 52° C and aseptically add 0.3 units of Penicillin and $25~\mu g$ Streptomycin per ml of sterile medium. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

Principle And Interpretation

Candida is a genus of yeasts responsible for infections such as osopharyngeal candidiasis, vaginal candidiasis and candidemia. Candida Medium is used for the selective cultivation and differentiation of *Candida species*. Candida Medium was originally developed by Nickerson (1). It is also used for processing and inoculation of specimens like tissues, skin scrapping, nails and hair (2, 3).

Mycological peptone in the medium provides essential nitrogenous nutrients while dextrose acts as carbon source and phosphate maintains buffering action of medium. This medium also contains sodium sulphite, which is reduced by *Candida* species to form sulphide. Bismuth in the medium combines with the sulphide to produce brown to black pigmented colonies and zones of dark precipitate in the medium surrounding the colonies of some species. Bismuth sulphite also acts as an inhibitor of bacterial growth. Selectivity of medium is increased by incorporation of penicillin and streptomycin in the medium, which helps to suppress the growth of many bacteria.

Differentiation of Candida is based on the growth patterns and pigmentation of isolated colonies.

Ouality Control

Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light yellow coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

Reaction

Reaction of 3.55% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.6 ± 0.2

Cultural Response

M104: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 30°C for 24-48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery		
Candida albicans ATCC	50-100	good-	>=50%		
10231		luxuriant			
Candida tropicalis ATCC	50-100	good-	>=50%		
1369		luxuriant			
Escherichia coli ATCC	>=103	inhibited	0%		
25922					

Reference

- 1. Nickerson, 1953, J. Infect. Dis., 93:43.
- 2. Haley, Trandel and Coyle, 1980, Cumitech 11, Practical Methods for Culture and Identification Of Fungi In The Clinical Mycology Laboratory, Coord Ed., Sherris, ASM, Washington, D.C.
- 3. Emmons, Binford, Utz and Kwon-Chung, 1977, Medical Mycology, 3rd Ed., W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia.

Storage and Shelf LifeStore below 30°C and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.