



A Geno Technology, Inc. (USA) brand name

FOCUSTM Protein Reduction-Alkylation

INTRODUCTION

FOCUS[™] Protein Reduction-Alkylation kit offers a simple two-step method for reduction and alkylation of protein samples for 2D gel analysis. The disulfide bonds are reduced with a highly reactive and stable TCEP [Tris(2-carboxyethyl) phosphine] followed by blocking of the thiols by iodoacetamide alkylation. Iodoacetamide is a commonly used alkylation agent for blocking thiols of proteins. Alkylation by iodoacetamide of free cysteines, following their reduction, results in the covalent coupling of a carbamidomethyl group (57.07Da) and prevents formation of disulfide bonds/ bridges. The kit is supplied with proprietary buffers and reagents necessary for an efficient reduction and alkylation of the disulfide bridges in protein samples for 2D gel analysis while minimizing reoxidation of the thiols. The reagents provided with the kit are sufficient for 100 preps, 1-2ml each.

Suitable for: isoelectric focusing buffers, equilibration of IPG-Strips following isoelectric focusing for second dimension SDS-PAGE step, or any application where reduction of disulfide and alkylation of thiols are needed.

ITEM(S) SUPPLIED Cat # 786-231

FOCUS [™] -Protein Reductant	2 x 1.0ml
Reductant Buffer	1.5ml
Iodoacetamide	5.0g
Alkylation Buffer	1.5ml

STORAGE CONDITION

The kit is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon arrival, store the kit components in 4°C. When stored and used properly, the kit components are good for one year.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- 1. Iodoacetamide is unstable and light-sensitive. To preserve activity of iodoacetamide, prepare the iodoacetamide solutions immediately before use and perform the alkylation step in the dark.
- 2. Perform alkylation with limiting quantities of iodoacetamide at a slightly alkaline pH (pH8-9) to ensure alkylation is exclusive to cysteine residues. Excess or non-buffered iodoacetamide may result in alkylation of lysines, N-termini, methionines, histidines, aspartates and glutamates. The supplied alkylation buffer should be added to the solutions to be alkylated to ensure exclusive cysteine residue alkylation.

Chemical name:2-Iodoacetamide[Tris(2-carboxyethyl) phosphine] (TCEP•HCl)Formula:ICH₂CONH₂C₂H₁₅O₀P HClMolecular Weight:184.96286.65CAS No:144-48-951805-45-9

PROTOCOL

Protein reduction and alkylation may be performed in the same reaction tube, or IPG-Strips in two separate steps. We recommend reduction prior to alkylation as reducing agents added after iodoacetamide treatment will react with excess iodoacetamide.

NOTE: If a precipitate or crystal formation is seen in the Reductant or Alkylation Buffer, warm to room temperature and vortex to dissolve.

- 1. Protein Reduction: Add 2.5µl Reductant Buffer for every 500µl 0.2-1mg/ml protein solution and vortex for 10 seconds.
- 2. Add 10µ1 FOCUS[™] Protein Reductant for every 500µ1 0.2-1mg/ml protein solution. Incubate at 55°C for 1 hour.



- 3. Protein Alkylation: Add 2.5µl Alkylation Buffer for every 500µl 0.2-1mg/ml protein solution and vortex for 10 seconds.
- 4. Immediately prior to use, weigh 50mg iodoacetamide in to a microcentrifuge tube. Add 0.4ml deionized water and vortex to dissolve to generate a 0.4M solution. Protect the solution from light.
- 5. Add 25µl 0.4M iodoacetamide for every 500µl 0.2-1mg/ml protein solution. Incubate at room temperature for 30-60 minutes, protected from light. Discard any unused iodoacetamide solution.
- 6. The sample is now ready for proteolytic digestion, 2D gel analysis or other downstream application

RELATED PRODUCTS

- 1. **PAGE Perfect (Cat. #786-123):** A kit for preparing sample for PAGE electrophoresis.
- 2. Perfect-FOCUS (Cat # 786-124): A kit for preparing sample for 2D gels.
- 3. FAST-Silver (Cat # 786-30): For staining proteins and Nucleic acids in acrylamide gels.
- 4. FOCUS-Fast Silver (Cat # 786-240): Sufficient for 25 gels.
- 5. <u>NI Protein Assay Kit (Cat. #786-005)</u>: A protein assay that is free from interference of common laboratory agents including reducing agents, detergents, dyes, EDTA etc.
- 6. <u>RAPID-Stain (Cat # 786-31)</u>: For staining protein in gels. RAPID-Stain only stains proteins, leaving clear background with high band visibility. Generally does not require de-staining.
- 7. <u>FOCUS Protease Arrest (Cat # 786-108F)</u>: A protease cocktail specifically developed for sample preparation for 2D-studies and provides 95-98% inhibition of protease activity.
- 8. <u>Protease Arrest (Cat # 786-108)</u>: A cocktail of protease inhibitors for use during protein extraction and purification. Protease Arrest inhibits a broad spectrum of serine, cysteine and metalloproteases.

NOTE: For other related products, visit our web site at www.GBiosciences.com or contact us.

Last saved: 8/25/11/IA