

Anti-Hsp60 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - 200-301-F60

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Code:	200-301-F60

Size: 200 µg

Product Description: Anti-Hsp60 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - 200-301-F60

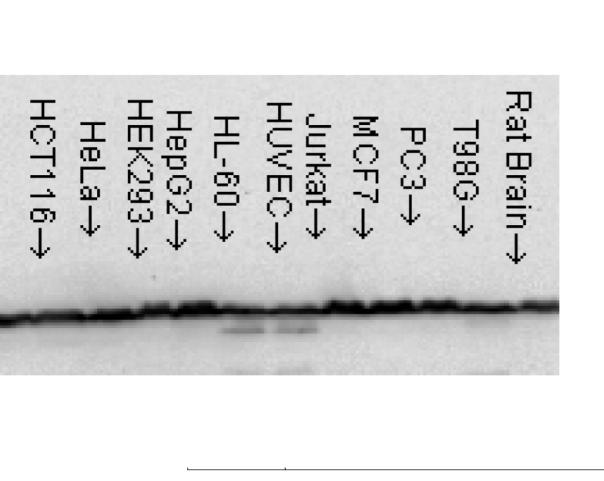
Concentration: 1mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm

PhysicalState	: Liquid (sterile filtered)	
Label	Unconjugated	
Host	Mouse	
Gene Name	HSPD1	
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Canine, Chicken, Drosophila, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Monkey, Pig, Rabbit, Sheep, Xenopus	
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2	
Stabilizer	50% (v/v) Glycerol	
Storage Condition	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.	
Synonyms	CPN60, GROEL, HLD4, Hsp 60, Hsp65, HSPD1, HuCHA60, SPG 13, 60 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial, 60 kDa chaperonin, Chaperonin 60, CPN60, Heat shock protein 60, HSP-60, Hsp60, Mitochondrial matrix protein P1, P60 lymphocyte protein, PD1	
Application Note	Anti-Hsp60 Antibody is suitable for WB, IP, ELISA, Flow Cytometry, and IHC. Expect a band approximately ~60kDa protein corresponding to the molecular mass of Hsp60 on SDS PAGE immunoblots. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user.	
Background	In both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, the misfolding and aggregation of proteins during biogenesis and under conditions of cellular stress are prevented by molecular chaperones. Members of the HSP60 family of heat shock proteins are some of the best characterized chaperones. Hsp60, also known as Cpn60 or GroEl, is an abundant protein synthesized constitutively in the cell that is induced to a higher concentration after brief cell shock. It is present in many species and exhibits a remarkable sequence homology among various counterparts in bacteria, plants, and mammalian Hsp60 is localized within the mitochondria, plant Hsp60, or otherwise known as Rubisco-binding protein, is located in plant chloroplasts. It has been indicated that these proteins carry out a very important biological function due to the fact that Hsp60 is present in so many different species. The common characteristics of the Hsp60s from the divergent species are i) high abundance, ii) induction with environmental stress such as heat shock, iii) homo-oligomeric structures of either 7 or 14 subunits which reversibly dissociate in the presence of Mg2+ and ATP, iv) ATPase activity and v) a role in folding and assembly of oligomeric protein structures. These similarities are supported by recent studies where the single-ring human mitochondrial homolog, Hsp60 with its co-chaperonin, Hsp10 were expressed in a E. coli strain, engineered so that the groE operon is under strict regulatory control. This study has demonstrated that expression of Hsp60-Hsp10 was able to carry out all essential in vivo functions against infection and cellular stress. Hsp60 has however been linked to a number of autoimmune diseases, as well as Alzheimer's, coronary artery diseases, MS, and diabetes.	
Purity And Specificity	Anti-Hsp60 Antibody was purified by Protein G chromatography. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Hsp60 from Human, Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Canine, Chicken, Drosophila, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Monkey, Pig, Rabbit, Sheep, and Xenopus sources based on 100% homology with the immunizing sequence. Cross-reactivity with Hsp60 from other sources has not been determined. Heat Shock research.	
ELISA	1:200	
Immunohistochemistry	User Optimized	
WESTERN BLOT	0.5µg/ml	
IHC	User Optimized	
FLOWCYTOMETRY	User Optimized	
Expiration	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of opening.	
Immunogen	Hsp60 Antibody was produced in mice by repeated immunizations raised against recombinant human Hsp60.	
General Reference	1. Hartl, F.U. (1996) Nature 381: 571-579. 2. Bukau, B. and Horwich, A.L. (1998) Cell 92: 351-366.	

	 Hartl, F.U. and Hayer-Hartl, M. (2002) Science 295: 1852- 1858. Jindal, S., et al. (1989) Molecular and Cellular Biology 9: 2279-2283. La Verda, D., et al (1999) Infect Dis. Obstet. Gynecol. 7: 64- 71. Itoh, H. et al. (2002) Eur. J. Biochem. 269: 5931-5938. Gupta, S. and Knowlton, A.A. J. Cell Mol Med. 9: 51-58. Deocaris, C.C. et al. (2006) Cell Stress Chaperones 11: 116- 128. Lai, H.C. et al. (2007) Am. J. Physiol. Endocrinol. Metab. 292: E292-E297. Gao, Y.L., et al (1995) J. of Immunology 154: 3548-3556. Neuer, A., et al (1997) European Society for Human Reproduction and Embryology 12(5):925-929. 12. Bason, C., et al (2003) Lancet 362(9400): 1971-1977. 	
Related Products		
	200-301-243	Anti-HSP27 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - 200-301-243
	200-301-A28	Anti-Hsc70 (Hsp73) (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - 200-301-A28
	611-1302	Anti-RABBIT IgG (H&L) (GOAT) Antibody Peroxidase Conjugated - 611-1302
	BSA-30	BOVINE SERUM ALBUMIN 30% Solution - BSA-30
Related Links		
Images		
	1	Immunohistochemistry of mouse anti-Hsp60 antibody. Tissue: human skin fibroblasts. Antigen retrieval: Left: control, Right: 24 hours after 7th passage of senescence. Primary Antibody: Hsp60 antibody at 1ug/ml for 1h at RT. Secondary antibody: Peroxidase mouse secondary at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: Nuclear. Staining: Hsp60 as brown signal.

2

Western Blot of mouse anti-Hsp60 antibody. Lane 1: A431. Lane 2: A549. Lane 3: HCT116. Lane 4: HeLa. Lane 5: HEK293. Lane 6: HepG2. Lane 7: HL-60. Lane 8: HUVEC. Lane 9: Jurkat. Lane 10: MCF7. Lane 11: PC3. Lane 12: T986. Lane 13: Rat Brain. Load: 10 µg per lane.Primary antibody: Hsp60 antibody at 1:1000 for overnight at 4°C.Secondary antibody: IRDye800[™] mouse secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT.Block: 5% BLOTTO overnight at 4°C.Predicted/Observed size: 61.1 kDa for Hsp60. Other band(s): none.



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