



## CD152 Antibody [UC10-4F10-11] (APC)

CATALOG NUMBER: 76-856

### Specifications

<b>SPECIES REACTIVITY:</b>	Mouse
<b>TESTED APPLICATIONS:</b>	FACS
<b>USER NOTE:</b>	Optimal dilutions for each application to be determined by the researcher.
<b>SPECIFICITY:</b>	The UC10-4F10-11 monoclonal antibody specifically reacts with the mouse Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte Antigen-4 (CTLA-4), also known as CD152.
<b>HOST SPECIES:</b>	Hamster

### Properties

<b>PURIFICATION:</b>	The monoclonal antibody was purified utilizing affinity chromatography and unreacted dye was removed from the product.
<b>PHYSICAL STATE:</b>	liquid
<b>BUFFER:</b>	Phosphate-buffered aqueous solution, ≤0.09% Sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer, pH7.2.
<b>CONCENTRATION:</b>	0.2 mg/mL
<b>STORAGE CONDITIONS:</b>	The product should be stored undiluted at 4°C and should be protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
<b>CLONALITY:</b>	Monoclonal
<b>ISOTYPE:</b>	Armenian Hamster IgG
<b>CONJUGATE:</b>	APC

### Additional Info

<b>ALTERNATE NAMES:</b>	Cd152, Ly-56, Ctla-4, Ctl4
<b>OFFICIAL SYMBOL:</b>	Ctla4
<b>GENE ID:</b>	12477

### Background

<b>BACKGROUND:</b>	The UC10-4F10-11 monoclonal antibody specifically reacts with the mouse Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte Antigen-4 (CTLA-4), also known as CD152. It is a protein with a structure similar to CD28 regarding the genomic organization, amino acid sequence, and structure. CTLA-4 is expressed on activated T cells and CD25+/CD4+ Treg lymphocytes and binds the members of the B7 family, B7-1 (CD80) and B7-2 (CD86), with higher affinity than CD28. CD28 seems to provide opposing signal to T lymphocytes, while CD152 inhibits the T lymphocytes progression to an activated state and their proliferation, CD28 is a costimulator. The mouse UC10 -4F10-11 monoclonal antibody does not cross-react with the rat leukocytes.
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<b>REFERENCES:</b>	<p>1) Herling, M., Teitell, M. A., Shen, R. R., Medeiros, L. J., Jones, D. (2003). TCL1 expression in plasmacytoid dendritic cells (DC2s) and the related CD4+ CD56+ blastic tumors of skin. <i>Blood</i>, 101(12), 5007-5009.</p> <p>2) Peduzzi, E., Groeper, C., Schtte, D., Zajac, P., Rondini, S., Mensah-Quainoo, E., ... Daubenberger, C. A. (2007). Local activation of the innate immune system in Buruli ulcer lesions. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i>, 127(3), 638-645.</p> <p>3) Sun, Q., Woodcock, J. M., Rapoport, A., Stomski, F. C., Korpelainen, E. I., Bagley, C. J., ... Lopez, A. F.</p>
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(1996). Monoclonal antibody 7G3 recognizes the N-terminal domain of the human interleukin-3 (IL-3) receptor alpha-chain and functions as a specific IL-3 receptor antagonist. *Blood*, 87(1), 83-92.

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**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

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