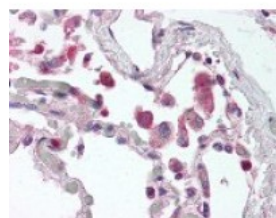


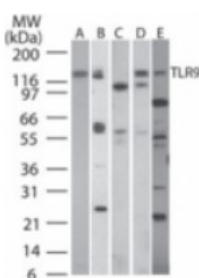


TLR9 Antibody [26C593.2]

CATALOG NUMBER: 49-862



Immunohistochemistry staining of TLR9 in lung tissue using TLR9 Monoclonal Antibody.



Specifications

SPECIES REACTIVITY:	Gibbon, Gorilla, Human, Mouse, Orangutan, Rat
TESTED APPLICATIONS:	FACS, IHC, WB
APPLICATIONS:	TLR9 antibody can be used in Western Blot starting at 0.5 - 2 ug/mL, immunohistochemistry starting at 5 ug/mL, and immunoprecipitation.
USER NOTE:	Optimal dilutions for each application to be determined by the researcher.
IMMUNOGEN:	TLR9 monoclonal antibody was raised against amino acids 268 - 284 of TLR9 (Human).
HOST SPECIES:	Mouse

Properties

PURIFICATION:	Protein G Column
PHYSICAL STATE:	Liquid
BUFFER:	PBS, 0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide.
STORAGE CONDITIONS:	Store TLR9 antibody at 4 °C or -20 °C. As with all antibodies avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
CLONALITY:	Monoclonal
ISOTYPE:	IgG1,k
CONJUGATE:	Unconjugated

Additional Info

ALTERNATE NAMES:	TLR9, CD289, CD289 antigen, Scri2a, Toll-like receptor 9
ACCESSION NO.:	Q9NR96
PROTEIN GI NO.:	20140872
OFFICIAL SYMBOL:	TLR9
GENE ID:	54106

Background

BACKGROUND: The Toll-like receptor (TLR) family in mammal comprises a family of transmembrane proteins characterized by

multiple copies of leucine rich repeats in the extracellular domain and IL-1 receptor motif in the cytoplasmic domain. Like its counterparts in *Drosophila*, TLRs signal through adaptor molecules. The TLR family is a phylogenetically conserved mediator of innate immunity that is essential for microbial recognition. Ten human homologs of TLRs (TLR1-10) have been described. By using a BLAST search, Hemmi et al., 2000 have identified and subsequently isolated a cDNA coding for TLR9. Gene knockout experiments suggest that TLR9 acts as a receptor for unmethylated CpG dinucleotides in the bacterial DNA. Human and mouse TLR9 share an overall amino-acid identity of 75.5%. TLR9 is highly expressed in spleen.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

December 13, 2016