

A Division of Spectrum Chemical Mfg. Corp.

Dear Customer,

This File Contains Both The ANSI Material Safety Data Sheet and The GHS Safety Data Sheet For The Same Product

Spectrum is currently transitioning all chemical product labeling from the ANSI format to the GHS format (see note below). In order to ensure that you receive complete labeling during the transition, we have included both the ANSI MSDS and the GHS SDS in a single file. The ANSI MSDS is given first, followed by the GHS SDS. Please use whichever matches the container label.

Why It Matters:

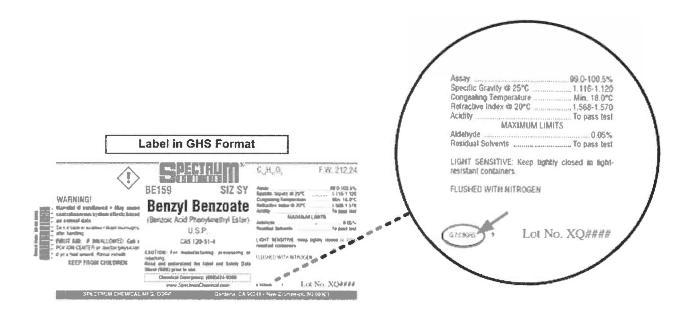
The complete precautionary labeling for this chemical consists of BOTH the label on the container AND the matching Material Safety Data Sheet (for ANSI labels) or Safety Data Sheet (for GHS labels). Both elements of the labeling [Label + (M)SDS] are written to be read and understood together, so as to provide complete precautionary information. It is intended for you to read and understood BOTH before handling or using the chemical.

<u>Picking the Right One</u>: 2 Easy Ways To Tell Whether Your Container Has an ANSI Label or a GHS Label

- 1) GHS labels: any pictogram displayed in the upper left-hand corner will be inside a red diamond. ANSI labels: pictograms, if present, will be inside individual black boxes.
- 2) GHS labels: on the bottom of the right-hand panel of the label, locate the Lot Number. Directly to the left will be a string of control characters, followed by a single letter. For GHS labels, the string of characters will end in "GHS:"



CORPORATE OFFICES
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Gardena, California 90248
PHONE 310.516.8000
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¹ American National Standards Institute

Sincerely,

Regulatory Affairs

² Globally Harmonized System for Hazard Communication





MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NFPA HMIS Personal Protective Equipment



Health Hazard	3
Fire Hazard	2
Reactivity	0











See Section 8.

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AI	ND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Product code:	PH120
Product Name:	PHENOL, FUSED CRYSTAL, USP
Chemical Name:	No information available
Synonyms:	Monohydroxybenzene;
	Benzenol;
	Phenyl hyroxide;
	Phenylic acid;
	Carbolic acid
	Hydroxybenzene;
	Monophenol;
	Oxybenzene;
	Phenic acid;
	Phenylic alcohol
	Phenyl hydrate
Recommended use:	Disinfectant. To induce cutaneous exfoliation. A local anesthetic (in weak solutions).
CAS #:	108-95-2
Formula:	C6H5OH
RTECS #	SJ3325000
CI#:	Not available
Supplier:	Spectrum Chemicals and Laboratory Products, Inc.
	14422 South San Pedro St.
	Gardena, CA 90248
	(310) 516-8000
Order Online At:	https://www.spectrumchemical.com
Emergency Telephone Number:	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
Contact Person:	Regina Wachenheim (East Coast)
Contact Person:	Martin LaBenz (West Coast)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product code: PH120

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER!

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes
May be fatal if inhaled
Toxic in contact with skin
Harmful if swallowed

Odor:
Aromatic. Acrid. Somewhat sickening sweet.

Physical state: Solid.

Appearance: Crystals. Crystalline.

Color: White.

OSHA Regulatory Status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Principal Routes of Exposure:

Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin.

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin Contact:

Causes skin burns. Phenol burns may be severe, but painless due to damage to the nerve endings causing numbness. The skin may turn white and opaque or dull gray and wrinkled. Later, it may turn gray-white or yellowish brown and may be deeply eroded and scarred. Black Gangrene may occur at the sight of contact. It may be absorbed through the skin. If absorbed through skin it may cause systemic effects. Toxic in contact with skin. If absorbed through the skin it may affect behavior/central nervous system and cause central nervous system effects. If absorbed through the skin, it may affect the liver and kidneys (nephritis, hematuria) and may induce cardiac arrhythmias.

Eye Contact:

Causes eye burns. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.

Inhalation:

Volatility of Phenol is low at room temperature, but hazard increases as temperature rises. Inhalation of large amounts of vapor may be fatal. May affect respiration. May cause central nervous system effects. May cause pulmonary edema. May affect the liver. May affect the urinary system.

Ingestion:

Causes burns. Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. May cause methemoglobinemia. May cause central nervous system effects. May affect respiration. It may affect the kidneys. May affect the liver.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Component Carcinogen Status:

Phenol Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans by IARC

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen by ACGIH

Target Organs: Central nervous system. Cardiovascular system. Heart. Kidneys. Liver. Eyes. Skin.

Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood. Methemoglobin formation.

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 2/14

Mutagenic Effects: May affect genetic material

Animal experiments showed mutagenic effects Mutagenic effects in mammalian somatic cells

Experiments with human lymphocytes have shown mutagenic effects Experiments with animal lymphocytes have shown mutagenic effects

Mutations in microorganisms

Teratogenic Effects: No information available

Aggravated Medical Conditions: No information available

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological Information

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

No information available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight %
Phenol	108-95-2	100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice: Poison information centres in each State capital city can provide additional

assistance for scheduled poisons (13 1126). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. First

aider needs to protect himself.

Skin Contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Continue flushing with plenty of

water for at least 15 minutes. Remove all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required. Call a physician immediately.

Eye Contact: Flush eye with water for 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. Call a

physician immediately.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. WARNING! It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled or ingested material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Immediate medical attention is required. Call a physician or

Poison Control Centre immediately.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 3/14

Flashpoint (°C/°F): 79 °C/174.2°F 85 °C/185 °F

Flash Point Tested according to:

Closed cup Open cup

Lower Explosion Limit (%): 1.7%
Upper Explosion Limit (%): 8.6%

Autoignition Temperature (°C/°F): 715 °C/1319 °F

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray mist or

foam. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: No information available.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide; Carbon dioxide

Specific hazards: Combustible material

Containers may explode when heated

Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas When heated, vapors may form explosive mixtures with air:

indoors, outdoors and sewers explosion hazards

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus

pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent)

and full protective gear

Specific Methods: Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the

material. For larger fires, use water spray or fog. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire

is out.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Should not be released into the environment. Do not let product enter drains. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods for Cleaning Up:

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical Measures/Precautions:

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from incompatible materials.

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 4/14

Safe Handling Advice:

Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Storage

Technical Measures/Storage Conditions:

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store at room temperature in the original container. Air sensitive. Protect from moisture. Moisture sensitive. Protect from light. Sensitive to light. Store in light-resistant containers. Store in a segrated and approved area. Store away from incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

Oxidizing agents. Metals. Acids. Bases. isocyanates. nitrides. Acetaldehyde. amides. Formaldehyde. aliphatic amines.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures to reduce exposure:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection: Goggles. Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection: Chemical resistant protective suit. Gloves. boots.

Respiratory protection: Respirator with combination filter for vapor/particulate...

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

National occupational exposure limits

United States

Components	OSHA	NIOSH	ACGIH	AIHA WHEEL
	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	None
Phenol - 108-95-2	19 mg/m³ TWA	19 mg/m³ TWA		
		15.6 ppm Ceiling 15 min		
		60 mg/m ³ Ceiling 15 min		

Canada

Components	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario	Quebec
Phenol	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWAEV
108-95-2	19 mg/m³ TWA			19 mg/m ³ TWAEV

Australia and Mexico

Components	Australia	Mexico
Phenol	1 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA
108-95-2	4 mg/m³ TWA	19 mg/m³ TWA
	-	10 ppm STEL
		38 mg/m³ STEL

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 5 / 14

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:Appearance:Color:Solid.Crystals. Crystalline.White.

Odor: Molecular/Formula weight: Taste

Aromatic. Acrid. Somewhat sickening 94.11 Sharp. Burning.

sweet.

Flash point (°C): Lower Explosion Limit (%): Upper Explosion Limit (%):

79 1.7% 8.6%

Autoignition Temperature (°C/°F): Melting point/range(°C/°F): Boiling point/range(°C/°F):

715 °C/1319 °F 41-42 °C/105.8107.6 °F 182 °C/359.6 °F

pH: Decomposition temperature(°C/°F): Specific gravity:

No information available No information available 1.057

Density (g/cm3): Vapor pressure @ 20°C (kPa):

1.071 No information available 0.02-0.048

Evaporation rate: Vapor density: VOC content (g/L):
No information available

3.24

VOC content (g/L):
No information available

Odor threshold (ppm): Partition coefficient Miscibility:

0.048 (n-octanol/water): Miscible with Acetone

1.46

Solubility:

Very soluble in alcohol Very soluble in chloroform

Very soluble in Ether

very soluble in Ether

Very soluble in Glycerin

Very soluble in carbon disulfide

Very soluble in petrolatum

Very soluble in aqueous alkali

hydroxides

Very soluble in volatile and fixed oils

Soluble in Water

Solubility in Water: 1 g/15 ml @ 20 °C;

82.8 g/l @25 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable at normal conditions

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Ignition sources. Exposure to light. Turns pink or red on exposure to light.

Exposure to air. Exposure to moisture. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents. Metals. Acids. Bases. isocyanates. nitrides. Acetaldehyde. amides.

Formaldehyde. aliphatic amines.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 6 / 14

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

Contact of phenol with peroxodisulfuric acid may cause explosion

The combination of phenol with acetaldehyde results in violent condensaton The combination of phenol with 1,3-butadiene, and born trifluoride diethyl ether

complex results in an intense exothermic reaction

The combination of phenol with isocyanates results in heat generation and violent

polymerization

The combination of phenol with nitrides results in heat and flammable gas generation

Violent reaction with aluminum chloride and nitromethane at 110 deg. C.

Hot phenol reacts with metals

A combination of phenol with mineral oxidizing acids results in fire

Violent reaction with phenol and aluminum chloride + nitrobenzene at 120 deg. C. Potential for an explosive reacton exists when phenol comes into contact with

formaldehyde or sodium nitrate + trifluoroacetic acid Mixtures of air and 3-10% phenol are explosive Phenol + sodiuim nitrite causes explosion on heating

When heated, phenol evolves flammable vapors which will form explosive mixtures

with air

Phenol + calcium hypochlorite results in an exothermic reaction producing toxic

fumes whic hmay ignite

Polymerization: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur

Corrosivity: Severe corrosive effect on Brass. Minor corrosive effect on bronze.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: No information available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Phenol - 108-95-2

LD50/oral/rat = 317mg/kg LD50/oral/mouse = 270 mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rat =

525 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rat

669 mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rabbit = 630 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit

LC50/inhalation/rat = 316 mg/m³ 4 h

LC50/inhalation/mouse = No infomation available

Other LD50 or LC50information =

No information available

Product Information

LC50/inhalation/rat 0.32 mg/l 4 h LC50/Inhalation/mouse No information available LD50/dermal/rabbit 630mg/kg LD50/dermal/rat 525mg/kg LD50/oral/mouse = 270mg/kg LD50/oral/rat = 317mg/kg

Local Effects

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 7/14

Skin irritation:

Causes burns. The skin may turn white and opaque or dull gray and wrinkled. Later, it may turn gray-white or yellowish brown and may be deeply eroded and scarred. Black Gangrene may occur at the sight of contact. Phenol burns may be severe, but painless due to damage to the nerve endings causing numbness.

Eve irritation:

Causes burns. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. May cause corneal injury.

Inhalation:

Severely irritating to the upper respiratory tract. It can irritate the lungs. It may cause pulmonary edema. Can cause dyspnea (shortness of breath and difficulty breathing). May affect respiration (respiratory depression). May affect behavior/central nervous system (somnolence). Inhalation of large amounts of vapor may be fatal. Volatility is low at room temperature, but hazard increases as temperature rises. Harmful contamination of the air will be reached rather slowly on evaporation of this substance at 20 deg. C. Inhalation of large quantities can cause systemic effects similar to that of ingestion.

Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive or gastrointestinal tract burns. Corrosive to the mouth, throat, and stomach. There is burning pain in the mouth and throat as well as white necrotic lesions in the mouth, esophagus and stomach. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause loss of appetite. May cause abdominal pain. May cause gastrointestinal bleeding. May cause pallor. May cause excessive sweating. May cause hemolytic anemia. May cause metabolic acidosis. May affect the cardiovascular system (hypotension). May cause methemoglobinemia, (the formation of methemoglobin in the blood which causes deficient oxygenation of the blood due to decreased available hemoglobin). Signs and symptoms of methemoglobinemia include shortness of breath, cyanosis (a bluish discoloration of the mucous membranes and unpigmented areas of the body), mental status changes such as headache, mental impairment, fatigue, muscular weakness, exercise intolerance, lightheadness, dizziness, incoordination, seizures, and loss of consciousness. Arterial blood with elevated methemoglobin levels has a characteristic chocolate-brown color as compared to normal bright red oxygen containing arterial blood. Severe methemoglobinemia is characterized by bradycardia or tachydardia (slow or fast heart beat), dysrhythmias, seizures, coma and death.. It may cause central nervous system depression. May affect behavior/central nervous system (convulsions). May affect behavior/central nervous system (tremors). May affect behavior/central nervous system (dizziness, headache). May affect behavior/central nervous system (hallucinations, drowsiness, nervousness, twitching, delirium). May affect respiration (dyspnea - difficulty breathing and shortness of breath). May affect respiration (tachypnea (rapid breathing)). May cause tinnitus. May cause pupilary dilation. May affect eyes (pinpoint pupils). May cause dim vision. May affect urinary system (kidneys), May affect liver .

Sensitization:

No information available

Chronic Toxicity

Product code: PH120

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED CRYSTAL, USP

8/14

Chronic Toxicity

Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause bronchitis with coughing, phlegm, and/or shortness of breath. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the liver, and kidneys. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the liver (jaundice, liver function tests impaired). Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the blood (changes in red blood cell count). Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect behavior/central nervous system. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the cardiovascular system. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the brain. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the liver. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the kidneys. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the cardiovascular system. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the blood (anemia). Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the blood (changes in serum composition). Signs and symptoms of chronic inhalation exposure may incllude headache, cough, weakness, fatigue, anorexia, vomiting, insomnia, nervousness, weight loss, paresthesia, ochronosis, and albuminuria. Other signs and symptoms of chronic exposure to phenol include vertigo, muscle aches and weakness, dark urine, nephritis, and hepatitis.

Carcinogenic effects:

Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Components	NTP	IARC	OSHA HCS - Carcinogens	ACGIH - Carcinogens	Australia - Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances	Australia - Notifiable Carcinogenic Substances
Phenol	Not listed	Group 3- Monograph 71 [1999] Monograph 47 [1989]		A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects: May affect genetic material

Animal experiments showed mutagenic effects Mutagenic effects in mammalian somatic cells

Experiments with human lymphocytes have shown mutagenic effects Experiments with animal lymphocytes have shown mutagenic effects

Mutations in microorganisms

Reproductive Effects: There is limited evidence that Phenol may damage the developing fetus in animals

No information on developmental toxicity effects on humans was found No information on reproductive toxicity effects on humans was found

Teratogenic Effects: No information available

Target Organs: Central nervous system. Cardiovascular system. Heart. Kidneys. Liver. Eyes. Skin.

Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood. Methemoglobin formation.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

Toxicity to terrestrial and aquatic plants and animals: No information available

Ecotoxicity effects: Aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity:

Phenol - 108-95-2

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 9 / 14

0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h Freshwater Algae Data:

> 187 - 279 mg/L EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 72 h 46.42 mg/L EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h

11.9 - 25.3 mg/L LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 h flow-through 1 Freshwater Fish Species Data:

> 11.9 - 50.5 mg/L LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 h flow-through 1 20.5 - 25.6 mg/L LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 h static 1 23.4 - 36.6 mg/L LC50 Oryzias latipes 96 h static 1 33.9 - 43.3 mg/L LC50 Oryzias latipes 96 h flow-through 1 34.09 - 47.64 mg/L LC50 Poecilia reticulata 96 h static 1

4.23 - 7.49 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h semi-static 1

5.0 - 12.0 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h 1

5.449 - 6.789 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h flow-through 1

7.5 - 14 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h static 1 0.00175 mg/L LC50 Cyprinus carpio 96 h semi-static 1 11.5 mg/L LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 h semi-static 1 13.5 mg/L LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static 1

27.8 mg/L LC50 Brachydanio rerio 96 h 1

31 mg/L LC50 Poecilia reticulata 96 h semi-static 1

32 mg/L LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 h 1 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h

4.24 - 10.7 mg/L EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h

Mobility: No information available

Persistence and degradability: No information available

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused products:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and Local regulation.

Contaminated packaging:

Water Flea Data:

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal

Components	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Phenol	None	None	None	U188

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-No: UN1671 **Proper Shipping Name:** Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1 **Packing Group:** Ш

Subsidiary Risk: Not applicable **Marine Pollutant** No data available

ERG No: 153

No information available DOT RQ (lbs):

Symbol(s): +, R4

TDG (Canada)

UN-No: UN1671 **Proper Shipping Name:** Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6 1

Product code: PH120 10/14 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED

Packing Group:

Subsidiary Risk: No information available **Description:** No information available

ADR

UN1671 UN-No: **Proper Shipping Name:** Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1 **Packing Group:** Ш

Subsidiary Risk: No information available **Classification Code:** No information available **Description:** No information available **CEFIC Tremcard No:** No information available

IMO / IMDG

UN1671 UN-No: Phenol, solid **Proper Shipping Name:**

Hazard Class: 6.1 **Packing Group:** Ш

No information available **Subsidiary Risk: Description:** No information available **IMDG Page:** No information available **Marine Pollutant** No information available

EMS: F-A

MFAG: No information available **Maximum Quantity:** No information available

RID

UN-No: UN1671 **Proper Shipping Name:** Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1 Packing Group: Ш **Subsidiary Risk:** 6.1

Classification Code: No information available **Description:** No information available

ICAO

UN-No: UN1671 Phenol, solid **Proper Shipping Name:**

Hazard Class: 6.1 **Packing Group:** Ш

No information available **Subsidiary Risk: Description:** No information available

IATA

UN1671 UN-No: Phenol, solid **Proper Shipping Name:**

Hazard Class: Packing Group: Ш

No information available **Subsidiary Risk:**

ERG Code: 6L

Description: No information available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Product code: PH120

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED

Components	U.S. TSCA	Philippines (PICCS)	KOREA KECL	Japan ENCS	CHINA	Australia (AICS)	EINECS-No.
Phenol	Present	Present	Present KE- 28209	3-481	Present	Present	Present 203-632-7

U.S. Regulations

Phenol

Massachusetts RTK: Present

New Jersey RTK Hazardous Substance List: Present

New Jersey (EHS) List: Present

New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances: Present

Pennsylvania RTK: Environmental hazard

Pennsylvania RTK - Environmental Hazard List Present

Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List: Present

New York Release Reporting - List of Hazardous Substances:

1000 lb RQ 1 lb RQ

Louisana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants: 1000lbfinal RQ

454kgfinal RQ

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances: Present

California Prop. 65: Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcment Act of 1986.

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Cancer:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Reproductive Toxicity:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Components	Carcinogen	Developmental Toxicity	Male Reproductive	Female Reproductive
			Toxicity	Toxicity:
Phenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

CERCLA/SARA

Components	Substances and their	Hazardous	Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and RQs	Chemical Category	Section 313 - Reporting de minimis
Phenol	1000 lb final RQ	1000 lb EPCRA RQ	None	None	1.0 % de minimis
	454 kg final RQ				concentration

U.S. TSCA

•	TSCA Section 5(a)2 - Chemicals With Significant New Use Rules (SNURS)	TSCA 8(d) -Health and Safety Reporting
Phenol	Not Applicable	06/01/1987 06/01/1997

Canada

WHMIS hazard class:

D1A Very toxic materials E Corrosive material

Phenol

D1A E

Canada Controlled Products Regulation:

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulation) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Components WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List -

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED CRYSTAL, USP

Phenol

Phenol	1 %

Inventory

Components	Canada (DSL)	Canada (NDSL)
Phenol	Present	Not Listed

Components	CEPA Schedule I - Toxic Substances	CEPA - 2010 Greenhouse Gases Subject to Manditory
		Reporting
Phenol	Not listed	Not listed

EU Classification

R-phrase(s)

R34 - Causes burns.

R68 - Possible risk of irreversible effects.

R23/24/25 - Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R48/20/21/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

S -phrase(s)

S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S28 - After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of .?

S45 - In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S 1/2 - Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

S24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Components	Classification	Concentration Limits:	Safety Phrases
Phenol	T; R23/24/25	10%<=C: T; R:23/24/25	S1/2 S24/25 S26 S28
	C; R34	3%<=C<10%: Xn; R:20/21/22	S36/37/39 S45
	Xn; R48/20/21/22	3%<=C: C; R:34	
	Muta.Cat.3; R68	1%<=C<3%: Xi; R:36/38	

The product is classified in accordance with Annex VI to Directive 67/548/EEC

Indication of danger:

T - Toxic

Xn - Harmful.

C - Corrosive.







16. OTHER INFORMATION

The MSDS format complies with ANSI Z400.1/Z129.1-2010 standards.

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 13 / 14

Preparation Date: 08-Nov-2013

Reason for revision: Not applicable

Prepared by: Sonia Owen

Product code: PH120

Literature reference: No information available

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. The physical properties reported in this MSDS are obtained from the literature and do not constitute product specifications. Information contained herein does not constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety, merchantability or fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Spectrum Chemicals & Laboratory Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED





SAFETY DATA SHEET

Preparation Date: 11/06/2013 Revision Date: 11/06/2013 Revision Number: G1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product code: PH120

Product Name: PHENOL, FUSED CRYSTAL, USP

Other means of identification

Synonyms: Monohydroxybenzene;

Benzenol;

Phenyl hyroxide; Phenylic acid; Carbolic acid Hydroxybenzene; Monophenol; Oxybenzene; Phenic acid; Phenylic alcohol Phenyl hydrate 108-95-2

CAS #: 108-95-2
RTECS # SJ3325000
CI#: Not available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Disinfectant. To induce cutaneous exfoliation. A local anesthetic (in weak solutions).

Uses advised against No information available

Supplier: Spectrum Chemicals and Laboratory Products, Inc.

14422 South San Pedro St. Gardena, CA 90248 (310) 516-8000

Order Online At: https://www.spectrumchemical.com

Emergency telephone numberChemtrec 1-800-424-9300Contact Person:Martin LaBenz (West Coast)Contact Person:Regina Wachenheim (East Coast)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 3

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED CRYSTAL, USP

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed

Toxic in contact with skin

Fatal if inhaled

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Suspected of causing genetic defects

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not Applicable

Other hazards

Not available

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wear respiratory protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see .? on this label)

Specific treatment is urgent (see .? on this label)

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Specific treatment (see .? on this label)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 2/15

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight %	Trade Secret
Phenol	108-95-2	100	*
108-95-2			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

General Advice: Poison information centres in each State capital city can provide additional

assistance for scheduled poisons (13 1126). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. First

aider needs to protect himself.

Skin Contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Continue flushing with plenty of water for

at least 15 minutes. Remove all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention

is required. Call a physician immediately.

Eye Contact: Flush eye with water for 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. Call a physician

immediately.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

WARNING! It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation when the inhaled or ingested material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. Call a physician

immediately.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Immediate medical attention is required. Call a physician or Poison

Control Centre immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Severe skin and eye irritation or burns. May cause gastrointestinal (digestive) tract burns. Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Dyspnea (Shortness of breath and difficulty breathing). Rapid

breathing. May cause build-up of fluid in the lungs (pulmonary edema). May cause methemoglobinemia and cyanosis. May cause central nervous system effects. Pallor.

Excessive sweating. Hypotension. Cardiac arrhythmias. Pupilary dilation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically

Protection of first-aiders

First-Aid Providers: Avoid exposure to blood or body fluids. Wear gloves and other necessary protective clothing. Dispose of contaminated clothing and equipment as bio-hazardous waste

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 3/15

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray mist or

foam. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide; Carbon dioxide

Specific hazards: Combustible material. Containers may explode when

heated. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. When heated, vapors may form explosive mixtures with air: indoors, outdoors and sewers explosion

hazards.

Special Protective Actions for Firefighters

Specific Methods: Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the

material. For larger fires, use water spray or fog. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire

is out.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus

pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent)

and full protective gear

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions: Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all

sources of ignition. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin,

eyes and clothing.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways,

sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not let product enter drains. Should not be

released into the environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containmentStop leak if you can do it without risk. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading.

Methods for cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Clean contaminated

surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Technical Measures/Precautions:

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from incompatible materials.

Safe Handling Advice:

Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 4/15

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures/Storage Conditions:

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store at room temperature in the original container. Air sensitive. Protect from moisture. Moisture sensitive. Protect from light. Sensitive to light. Store in light-resistant containers. Store in a segrated and approved area. Store away from incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

Oxidizing agents. Metals. Acids. Bases. isocyanates. nitrides. Acetaldehyde. amides. Formaldehyde. aliphatic amines.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

National occupational exposure limits

United States

Components	OSHA	NIOSH	ACGIH	AIHA WHEEL
	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	None
Phenol - 108-95-2	19 mg/m ³ TWA	19 mg/m ³ TWA		
		15.6 ppm Ceiling 15 min		
		60 mg/m ³ Ceiling 15 min		

Canada

Components	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario	Quebec
	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWAEV
Phenol - 108-95-2	19 mg/m ³ TWA			19 mg/m³ TWAEV

Australia and Mexico

Components	Australia	Mexico
Phenol	1 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA
108-95-2	4 mg/m³ TWA	19 mg/m³ TWA
	-	10 ppm STEL
		38 mg/m³ STEL

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures to reduce exposure:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection: Goggles. Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection: Chemical resistant protective suit. Gloves. boots.

Respiratory protection: Respirator with combination filter for vapor/particulate..

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 5 / 15

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Appearance: Solid. White. Crystals. Crystalline.

Formula: Odor: Taste C6H5OH

Aromatic. Acrid. Somewhat sickening Sharp. Burning. sweet.

Molecular/Formula weight: Flash point (°C): Flashpoint (°C/°F): 94.11 79 °C/174.2°F

85 °C/185 °F **Upper Explosion Limit (%):** Flash Point Tested according to: Lower Explosion Limit (%):

8.6% Closed cup

Open cup

Autoignition Temperature (°C/°F): :Ha Melting point/range(°C/°F): 715 °C/1319 °F No information available 41-42 °C/105.8107.6 °F

Boiling point/range(°C/°F): Decomposition temperature(°C/°F): Specific gravity: 182 °C/359.6 °F No information available 1.057

Bulk density: Vapor pressure @ 20°C (kPa): Density (g/cm3):

No information available 1.071 0.02-0.048

VOC content (g/L): **Evaporation rate:** Vapor density: No information available No information available 3.24

Partition coefficient Odor threshold (ppm): Viscosity:

0.048 (n-octanol/water): No information available

1.46

Miscibility: Solubility:

Miscible with Acetone Very soluble in alcohol

Very soluble in chloroform Very soluble in Ether Very soluble in Glycerin Very soluble in carbon disulfide

Very soluble in petrolatum Very soluble in aqueous alkali

hydroxides

Very soluble in volatile and fixed oils

Soluble in Water

Solubility in Water: 1 g/15 ml @ 20 °C;

82.8 g/l @25 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Product code: PH120

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Contact of phenol with peroxodisulfuric acid may cause explosion

The combination of phenol with acetaldehyde results in violent condensaton

The combination of phenol with 1,3-butadiene, and born trifluoride diethyl ether complex results in an intense exothermic reaction

The combination of phenol with isocyanates results in heat generation and violent polymerization

The combination of phenol with nitrides results in heat and flammable gas generation

Violent reaction with aluminum chloride and nitromethane at 110 deg. C.

Hot phenol reacts with metals

A combination of phenol with mineral oxidizing acids results in fire

Violent reaction with phenol and aluminum chloride + nitrobenzene at 120 deg. C.

Potential for an explosive reacton exists when phenol comes into contact with formaldehyde or sodium nitrate + trifluoroacetic acid

Mixtures of air and 3-10% phenol are explosive

Phenol + sodiuim nitrite causes explosion on heating

When heated, phenol evolves flammable vapors which will form explosive mixtures with air

Phenol + calcium hypochlorite results in an exothermic reaction producing toxic fumes which may ignite

Chemical stability

Stability: Stable at normal conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Ignition sources. Exposure to light. Turns pink or red on exposure to light.

Exposure to air. Exposure to moisture. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents. Metals. Acids. Bases. isocyanates. nitrides. Acetaldehyde. amides.

Formaldehyde. aliphatic amines.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Other Information

Corrosivity: Severe corrosive effect on Brass. Minor corrosive effect on bronze.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: No information available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure:

Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin.

Acute Toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (inhalation-gas) 700mg/l ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 0.5mg/l

Component Information

Phenol - 108-95-2

LD50/oral/rat = 317mg/kg

LD50/oral/mouse = 270 mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rabbit = 630 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit

LD50/dermal/rat = 525 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rat

669 mg/kg

LC50/inhalation/rat = 316 mg/m³ 4 h

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 7/15

LC50/inhalation/mouse = No infomation available Other LD50 or LC50information = No information available

Product Information

LD50/oral/rat = VALUE- Acute Tox Oral = 317mg/kg

LD50/oral/mouse = Value - Acute Tox Oral = 270mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rabbit VALUE-Acute Tox Dermal = 630mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rat VALUE -Acute Tox Dermal = 525mg/kg

LC50/inhalation/rat VALUE-Vapor = 0.32mg/l (4-hr)VALUE-Gas = No information available VALUE-Dust/Mist = No information available

LC50/Inhalation/mouse **VALUE-Vapor** = No information available **VALUE - Gas =** No information available VALUE - Dust/Mist = No information available

Symptoms

Skin Contact: Causes skin burns. Phenol burns may be severe, but painless due to damage to the

nerve endings causing numbness. The skin may turn white and opaque or dull gray and wrinkled. Later, it may turn gray-white or yellowish brown and may be deeply eroded and scarred. Black Gangrene may occur at the sight of contact. It may be absorbed through the skin. If absorbed through skin it may cause systemic effects. Toxic in contact with skin. If absorbed through the skin it may affect behavior/central nervous system and cause central nervous system effects. If absorbed through the skin, it may affect the liver and kidneys (nephritis, hematuria) and may induce cardiac

arrhythmias.

Eye Contact: Causes eye burns. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness.

Inhalation Severely irritating to the upper respiratory tract. It can irritate the lungs. It may cause pulmonary edema. Can cause dyspnea (shortness of breath and difficulty breathing).

May affect respiration (respiratory depression). May affect behavior/central nervous system (somnolence). Inhalation of large amounts of vapor may be fatal. Volatility is low at room temperature, but hazard increases as temperature rises. Harmful contamination of the air will be reached rather slowly on evaporation of this substance at 20 deg. C. Inhalation of large quantities can cause system effects

similar to that of ingestion.

Product code: PH120 8 / 15 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive or gastrointestinal tract burns. Corrosive to the mouth, throat, and stomach. There is burning pain in the mouth and throat as well as white necrotic lesions in the mouth, esophagus and stomach. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause loss of appetite. May cause abdominal pain. May cause gastrointestinal bleeding. May cause pallor. May cause excessive sweating. May cause hemolytic anemia. May cause metabolic acidosis. May affect the cardiovascular system (hypotension). May cause methemoglobinemia, (the formation of methemoglobin in the blood which causes deficient oxygenation of the blood due to decreased available hemoglobin). Signs and symptoms of methemoglobinemia include shortness of breath, cyanosis (a bluish discoloration of the mucous membranes and unpigmented areas of the body), mental status changes such as headache, mental impairment, fatique, muscular weakness, exercise intolerance, lightheadness, dizziness, incoordination, seizures, and loss of consciousness. Arterial blood with elevated methemoglobin levels has a characteristic chocolate-brown color as compared to normal bright red oxygen containing arterial blood. Severe methemoglobinemia is characterized by bradycardia or tachydardia (slow or fast heart beat), dysrhythmias, seizures, coma and death. It may cause central nervous system depression. May affect behavior/central nervous system (convulsions). May affect behavior/central nervous system (tremors). May affect behavior/central nervous system (dizziness, headache). May affect behavior/central nervous system (hallucinations, drowsiness, nervousness, twitching, delirium). May affect respiration (dyspnea - difficulty breathing and shortness of breath). May affect respiration (tachypnea (rapid breathing)). May cause tinnitus. May cause pupilary dilation. May affect eyes (pinpoint pupils). May cause dim vision. May affect urinary system (kidneys). May affect liver .

Aspiration hazard

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Chronic Toxicity

Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause bronchitis with coughing, phlegm, and/or shortness of breath. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the liver, and kidneys. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the liver (jaundice, liver function tests impaired). Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the blood (changes in red blood cell count). Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect behavior/central nervous system. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the cardiovascular system. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the brain. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the liver. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the kidneys. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the cardiovascular system. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the blood (anemia). Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the blood (changes in serum composition). Signs and symptoms of chronic inhalation exposure may incllude headache, cough, weakness, fatigue, anorexia, vomiting, insomnia, nervousness, weight loss, paresthesia, ochronosis, and albuminuria. Other signs and symptoms of chronic exposure to phenol include vertigo, muscle aches and weakness, dark urine, nephritis, and hepatitis.

Sensitization:

No information available

Mutagenic Effects:

May affect genetic material

Animal experiments showed mutagenic effects Mutagenic effects in mammalian somatic cells

Experiments with human lymphocytes have shown mutagenic effects Experiments with animal lymphocytes have shown mutagenic effects

Mutations in microorganisms

Carcinogenic effects:

Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Not classifiable as a human

carcinogen.

9/15

Components	ACGIH - Carcinogens	IARC	NTP	OSHA HCS - Carcinogens	Australia - Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances	Australia - Notifiable Carcinogenic Substances
Phenol	as a Human Carcinogen	Group 3- Monograph 71 [1999] Monograph 47 [1989]		Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity

No data is available

Reproductive Effects: No information on reproductive toxicity effects on humans was found.

Developmental Effects: There is limited evidence that Phenol may damage the developing fetus in animals.

No information on developmental toxicity effects on humans was found.

Teratogenic Effects: No information available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

STOT - single exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Target Organs: No information available

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Central nervous system. Cardiovascular system. Heart. Kidneys. Liver. Eyes. Skin.

Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood. Methemoglobin formation.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects: Aquatic environment.

Phenol - 108-95-2

Water Flea Data:

Freshwater Algae Data: 0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h

187 - 279 mg/L EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 72 h 46.42 mg/L EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h

Freshwater Fish Species Data: 11.9 - 25.3 mg/L LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 h flow-through 1

11.9 - 50.5 mg/L LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 h flow-through 1

20.5 - 25.6 mg/L LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 h static 1

23.4 - 36.6 mg/L LC50 Oryzias latipes 96 h static 1 33.9 - 43.3 mg/L LC50 Oryzias latipes 96 h flow-through 1 34.09 - 47.64 mg/L LC50 Poecilia reticulata 96 h static 1

4.23 - 7.49 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h semi-static 1

5.0 - 12.0 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h 1

5.449 - 6.789 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h flow-through 1

7.5 - 14 mg/L LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h static 1 0.00175 mg/L LC50 Cyprinus carpio 96 h semi-static 1 11.5 mg/L LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 h semi-static 1 13.5 mg/L LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static 1

27.8 mg/L LC50 Brachydanio rerio 96 h 1

31 mg/L LC50 Poecilia reticulata 96 h semi-static 1

32 mg/L LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 h 1 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h

4.24 - 10.7 mg/L EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 10 / 15

Phenol - 108-95-2

Persistence and degradability: No information available

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available

Mobility: No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Waste from residues / unused products:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and Local regulation.

Contaminated packaging:

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal

Components	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Phenol	None	None	None	U188

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-No: UN1671 Proper Shipping Name: Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1

Subsidiary Risk: Not applicable

Packing Group:

Marine Pollutant No data available

ERG No: 153

DOT RQ (lbs):No information available

Symbol(s): +, R4

TDG (Canada)

UN-No: UN1671 Proper Shipping Name: Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1

Subsidiary Risk: No information available

Packing Group:

Description: No information available

ADR

UN-No: UN1671 Proper Shipping Name: Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1 Packing Group:

Subsidiary Risk:No information availableClassification Code:No information availableDescription:No information availableCEFIC Tremcard No:No information available

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 11 / 15

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMO / IMDG

UN-No: UN1671 Proper Shipping Name: Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1

Subsidiary Risk: No information available

Packing Group:

Description:No information availableIMDG Page:No information availableMarine PollutantNo information available

EMS: F-A

MFAG: No information available Maximum Quantity: No information available

RID

UN-No: UN1671 Proper Shipping Name: Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1 Subsidiary Risk: 6.1 Packing Group: II

Classification Code: No information available Description: No information available

ICAO

UN-No: UN1671 Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1

Subsidiary Risk: No information available

Packing Group:

Description: No information available

IATA

UN-No: UN1671 Proper Shipping Name: Phenol, solid

Hazard Class: 6.1

Subsidiary Risk: No information available

Packing Group: II ERG Code: 6L

Description: No information available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Components	U.S. TSCA	Philippines (PICCS)	KOREA KECL	Japan ENCS	CHINA	Australia (AICS)	EINECS-No.
Phenol	Present	Present	Present KE- 28209	Present (3)- 481	Present	Present	Present 203-632-7

U.S. Regulations

Phenol

Massachusetts RTK: Present

New Jersey RTK Hazardous Substance List: Present

New Jersey (EHS) List: Present

New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances: Present

Pennsylvania RTK: Environmental hazard

Pennsylvania RTK - Environmental Hazard List Present

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 12 / 15

Phenol

Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List: Present

New York Release Reporting - List of Hazardous Substances:

1000 lb RQ 1 lb RQ

Louisana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants: 1000lbfinal RQ

454kgfinal RQ

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances: Present

California Prop. 65: Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Cancer:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Reproductive Toxicity:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Components	Carcinogen	Developmental Toxicity	Male Reproductive	Female Reproductive
	_		Toxicity	Toxicity:
Phenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

CERCLA/SARA

'	Substances and their	Hazardous	Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and RQs	Chemical Category	Section 313 - Reporting de minimis
	1000 lb final RQ 454 kg final RQ	1000 lb EPCRA RQ	None		1.0 % de minimis concentration

U.S. TSCA

•	TSCA Section 5(a)2 - Chemicals With Significant New Use Rules (SNURS)	TSCA 8(d) -Health and Safety Reporting
Phenol	Not Applicable	06/01/1987 06/01/1997

Canada

WHMIS hazard class:

D1A Very toxic materials E Corrosive material

Phenol

D1A E

Canada Controlled Products Regulation:

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulation) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Components	WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List -
Phenol	1 %

Inventory

Components	Canada (DSL)	Canada (NDSL)
Phenol	Present	Not Listed

Components	CEPA Schedule I - Toxic Substances	CEPA - 2010 Greenhouse Gases Subject to Manditory
•		Reporting

Product code: PH120 Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 13 / 15

Phenol Not listed Not listed

EU Classification

R-phrase(s)

R34 - Causes burns.

R68 - Possible risk of irreversible effects.

R23/24/25 - Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R48/20/21/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

S -phrase(s)

S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S28 - After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of .?

S45 - In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S 1/2 - Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

S24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Components	Classification	Concentration Limits:	Safety Phrases
Phenol	T; R23/24/25	10%<=C: T; R:23/24/25	S1/2 S24/25 S26 S28
	C; R34	3%<=C<10%: Xn; R:20/21/22	S36/37/39 S45
	Xn; R48/20/21/22	3%<=C: C; R:34	
	Muta.Cat.3; R68	1%<=C<3%: Xi; R:36/38	

The product is classified in accordance with Annex VI to Directive 67/548/EEC

Indication of danger:

T - Toxic

Xn - Harmful.

C - Corrosive.







16. OTHER INFORMATION

Product code: PH120

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED 14 / 15

16. OTHER INFORMATION		
NFPA	HMIS	Personal Protective Equipment



Health Hazard	3
Fire Hazard	2
Reactivity	0









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See Section 8.

Preparation Date: 11/06/2013 **Revision Date:** 11/06/2013 Sonia Owen Prepared by:

Disclaimer:

Product code: PH120

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this SDS. The physical properties reported in this SDS are obtained from the literature and do not constitute product specifications. Information contained herein does not constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety, merchantability or fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Spectrum Chemicals & Laboratory Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this SDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.

End of Material Safety Data Sheet

Product name: PHENOL, FUSED CRYSTAL, USP