

Safety Data Sheet Revision Date: 07/11/14 www.restek.com

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Catalog Number / Product Name: Company: Address:

Phone#: Fax#: Emergency#:

Email: Revision Number: Intended use: **30413, 30413-5XX, & 30513 / Tetrachloroethene Standard** Restek Corporation 110 Benner Circle Bellefonte, Pa. 16823 814-353-1300 814-353-1309 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) 703-527-3887 (Outside the US) sds@restek.com 7 For Laboratory use only

#### 2. HAZARD(S)IDENTIFICATION

#### **Emergency Overview:**

**GHS Hazard Symbols:** 



GHS Classification:	Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 1 Flammable Liquid Category 2 Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Dust / Mist Category 3 Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Vapour Category 3 Acute Toxicity - Dermal Category 3 Acute Toxicity - Oral Category 3
GHS Signal Word:	Danger
GHS Hazard:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs.
GHS Precautions:	
Safety Precautions:	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilation and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
First Aid Measures:	<ul> <li>IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/</li> <li>IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.</li> <li>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.</li> <li>Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.</li> <li>Specific treatment see section 4.</li> </ul>

	Rinse mouth. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use extinguishing media in section 5 for extinction.
Storage:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container according to section 13 of the SDS.
Single Exposure Target Organs:	No data available.
Repeated Exposure Target Organs:	No data available.

#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS #	EINEC #	% Composition	
methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	99.800000	
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	204-825-9	0.200000	

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately
Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician.
Skin Contact:	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, launder immediately, and discard contaminated leather goods. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this SDS.

#### 5. FIRE- FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media:	Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water may be ineffective but water spray can be used extinguish a fire if swept across the base of the flames. Water can absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire.
Fire and/or Explosion Hazards:	Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.
Fire Fighting Methods and Protection: Hazardous Combustion Products:	Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal Precautions and Equipment:	Exposure to the spilled material may be severely irritating or toxic. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this SDS. Personal protective equipment needs must be evaluated based on information provided on this sheet and the special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred, and the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Never exceed any occupational exposure limits.

minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Handling Technical Measures and Precautions:	Toxic or severely irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment
Storage Technical Measures and Conditions:	Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed. Keep away from sources of ignition

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

United States: Chemical Name methanol Tetrachloroethylene	<b>CAS No.</b> 67-56-1 127-18-4	<b>IDLH</b> 6000 ppm IDLH 150 ppm IDLH	ACGIH STEL 250 ppm STEL 100 ppm STEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA 200 ppm TWA 25 ppm TWA	OSHA Exposure Limit 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA 100 ppm TWA; C 200
rendemotoentylene	127-10-4		100 ppm STEL; 685 mg/m3 STEL	25 ppm TWA; 170 mg/m3 TWA	ppm
Personal Protection: Engineering Measu				entilation is recommended dling or thermal processir	when generating excessive levels of
Respiratory Protect	ion:		product. Genera Use a respirator eliminate sympto experiencing syr provide respirato	I or local exhaust ventilation if general room ventilation oms. If an exposure limit is nptoms of inhalation over ory protection.	avoid overexposure when handling this on is the preferred means of protection. In is not available or sufficient to exceeded or if an operator is exposure as explained in Section 3,
Eye Protection:			product. Wear a face shield when liquid, or airborn station available	dditional eye protection su the possibility exists for e e material. Do not wear co	with side shields when handling this uch as chemical splash goggles and/or eye contact with splashing or spraying ontact lenses. Have an eye wash
Skin Protection:			protective equip chemical break- equipment regul	ment depending upon con hrough and replace at rec	resistant gloves, an apron and other ditions of use. Inspect gloves for gular intervals. Clean protective er exposed areas with mild soap and aving work.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance, color:	No data available.
Odor:	Mild
Physical State:	Liquid
pH:	No data available
Vapor Density:	1.1 (air = 1)
Melting Point:	-98 °C
Flash Point:	52
Flammability:	Highly Flammable
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:	36.0
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:	6.0
Autoignition Temperature:	464 deg C
Decomposition Temperature:	No data available.
Specific Gravity:	0.791 - 0.792 g/cm3 at 20 °C
Evaporation Rate:	No data available.
Odor Threshold:	No data available.
Solubility:	Moderate; 50-99%
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol in water:	No data available.
VOC % by weight:	99.80
Molecular Weight:	32.04

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability:
Conditions to Avoid:
Materials to Avoid / Chemical Incompatiability:

Stable under normal conditions. No data available. Strong oxidizing agents

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Routes of Entry: Target Organs Potentially Affected By Exposure:	Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion
Target Organs Potentially Affected by Exposure.	Tract, Respiratory Tract
Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity:	None Known

#### Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure:

Inhalation Irritation:	Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache.
Inhalation Toxicity:	Harmful! Can cause systemic damage (see "Target Organs)Methanol can cause central nervous system depression and overexposure can cause damage to the optic nerve resulting in visual impairment or blindness.
Skin Contact:	Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.
Eye Contact:	Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue.
Ingestion Irritation:	Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.Highly toxic and may be fatal if swallowed.
Ingestion Toxicity:	Toxic if swallowed. May cause target organ failure and/or death.May be fatal if swallowed.

#### Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:	Contains a probable or known human carcinogen.
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:	Contains a known human reproductive and/or
	developmental hazard.
Inhalation:	Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause
	moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue,
	nausea and headache.Toxic! Can cause systemic damage
	upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure (see "Target
	Organs).
Skin Contact:	Upon prolonged or repeated contact can cause severe
	irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. May cause
	lingering affects but not likely to result in permanent
	damage if the exposure is eliminated.
Skin Absorption:	Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, no hazard in
	normal industrial use.
Ingestion:	Toxic if swallowed. May cause target organ failure
	and/or death.

# Component Toxicological Data: NIOSH:

Methanol	<b>CAS No.</b> 67-56-1	LD50/LC50 Oral LD50 Rat 5628 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP); Inhalation LC50 Rat 83.2 mg/L 4 h (Source: IUCLID)
Ethylene, tetrachloro-	127-18-4	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 34200 mg/m3/8H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse : 5200 ppm/4H; Oral LD50 Rat : 2629 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse : 8100 mg/kg
Component Carcinogenic Data: OSHA: Chemical Name	CAS No.	
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	Present
ACGIH: Chemical Name Tetrachloroethylene		A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Jnknown Relevance to Humans
NIOSH: Chemical Name	CAS No.	A3-animal carcinogen

Tetrachloroethylene	127-	·18-4	potential occupational carcinogen					
NTP: Chemical Name No data available.	CAS	No.						
IARC: Chemical Name	CAS	No.		Group No.				
No data.	107	40.4		Group 1				
Monograph 63; 1995 No data.	127-	18-4		Group 2A Group 2B				
12. ECOLOGICAL INFO	RMATION							
Overview: Moderate ecological hazard. This product may be dangerous								
Mahility			to plants and/or wildlife.					
Mobility: Persistence:			No data No data					
Bioaccumulation:		No data						
Degradability:			Biodegrade	es slowly.				
Ecological Toxicity Da	ta:		No data available.					
13. DISPOSAL CONSID	ERATIONS							
Waste Description of Spent Product:         Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.								
Disposal Methods:			Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local,					
				al regulations.	Fodoral and Dravin			
waste Disposal of Pac	aste Disposal of Packaging: Comply with all Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations.							
14. TRANSPORTATION	I INFORMATIO	N						
United States:								
DOT Proper Shipping I	Name:		Methanol					
UN Number:			UN1230					
Hazard Class:			3					
Packing Group:			II					
International:								
IATA Proper Shipping	Name:		Methanol					
UN Number:			UN1230					
Hazard Class:			3 (6.1)					
Packing Group:			11					
Marine Pollutant:			No					
15. REGULATORY INF	ORMATION							
United States:	CA6#			SADA 343		TECA		
Chemical Name methanol	CAS# 67-56-1	CERCLA X		<b>SARA 313</b> X	SARA EHS 313	TSCA X		
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	x		x	-	x		
The following chemic	als are listed o	n CA Prop 6	5:					
Chemical Name		CAS #		Regulation				
Tetrachloroethylene		127-18-4		Prop 65 Cancer				
Tetrachloroethylene (Perc Methanol	hloroethylene)	67-56-1		Prop 65 Devolop To	хх			
State Right To Know	l isting:							
Chemical Name	CAS#	New Jerse	v	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	California		
methanol	67-56-1	X	,	X	X	X		
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	Х		х	Х	Х		
16. OTHER INFORMAT								

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prior Version Date: 02/09/12 Disclaimer: Restek C

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