

Bacterial Recombinant MDH

CATALOG #: 6357-100 100 μg

ALTERNATE NAMES: Malate dehydrogenase, ECK3225, JW3205.

SOURCE: E.Coli

PURITY: > 95% by SDS - PAGE

MOL. WEIGHT: 34.9 kDa (336 aa, 1-312 aa + NT His Tag)

FORMULATION: 1 mg/ml solution in 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0)

containing 1 mM DTT, 50 mM NaCl and 10%

glycerol.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Can be stored at 4°C short term (1-2 weeks). For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or -70°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

DESCRIPTION:

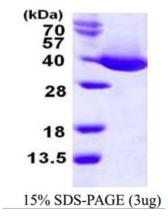
Malate dehydrogenase (MDH) belongs to the LDH/MDH superfamily and MDH type 1 family. This enzyme catalyzes the conversion of malate into oxaloacetate (using NAD⁺) and vice versa (reversible reaction). This reaction is part of many metabolic pathways, including the citric acid cycle. Malate dehydrogenase is also involved in gluconeogenesis, the synthesis of glucose from smaller molecules.

AMINO ACID SEQUENCE:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHMKVAVL GAAGGIGQAL ALLLKTQLPS
GSELSLYDIA PVTPGVAVDL SHIPTAVKIK GFSGEDATPA LEGADVVLIS AGVARKPGMD
RSDLFNVNAG IVKNLVQQVA KTCPKACIGI ITNPVNTTVA IAAEVLKKAG VYDKNKLFGV
TTLDIIRSNT FVAELKGKQP GEVEVPVIGG HSGVTILPLL SQVPGVSFTE QEVADLTKRI
QNAGTEVVEA KAGGGSATLS MGQAAARFGL SLVRALQGEQ GVVECAYVEG
DGQYARFFSQ PLLLGKNGVE ERKSIGTLSA FEQNALEGML DTLKKDIALG EEFVNK

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Specific activity is > 450 units/mg, and is defined as the amount of enzyme that cleaves 1 μ mole of oxaloacetate and beta-NADH to L-malate and beta-NAD per minute at pH 7.5 at 25°C



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RELATED PRODUCTS:

- Malate assay kit (Cat. No. K637-100)
- Human recombinant MDH1 (Cat. No. 6355-100)
- Human recombinant MDH2 (Cat. No. 6356-50)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used in humans.