

TCI AMERICA **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Revision number: 2 Revision date: 10/06/2014

IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Zinc Diethyldithiocarbamate

Product code: D0492

For laboratory research purposes. Product use: Restrictions on use: Not for drug or household use.

Company: TCI America

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Environmental Health Safety and Security

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2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Haz Com: CFR 1910.1200: Acute Toxicity - Oral [Category 4]

Skin Corrosion/Irritation [Category 2] Eye Damage/Irritation [Category 2A] Sensitization - Skin [Category 1]

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) [Category 3]

Aquatic Hazard (Acute) [Category 1] Aquatic Hazard (Long-Term) [Category 1]

Signal word: Warning!

Causes serious eye irritation Hazard Statement(s):

Causes skin irritation Harmful if swallowed

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Very toxic to aquatic life

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

May cause respiratory irritation.

Pictogram(s) or Symbol(s):





Precautionary Statement(s): [Prevention]

[Response]

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye and face protection. Avoid breathing dusts or mists. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel

[Storage] [Disposal] Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with US EPA guidelines for the classification and

determination of hazardous waste listed in 40 CFR 261.3. (See Section 13)

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2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture: Substance

Components: Zinc Diethyldithiocarbamate

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Percent:} & >99.0\%(T) \\ \textbf{CAS Number:} & 14324-55-1 \\ \textbf{Molecular Weight:} & 361.90 \\ \textbf{Chemical Formula:} & C_{10}H_{20}N_2S_4Zn \\ \end{array}$

Synonyms: Diethyldithiocarbamic Acid Zinc Salt

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: May cause coughing, difficult breathing and nausea. Call emergency medical service. Effects of exposure (inhalation) to substance may be delayed. Inhalation of vanors or contact with substance will result in

(inhalation) to substance may be delayed. Inhalation of vapors or contact with substance will result in contamination and potential harmful effects. Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat

symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and

symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved

take precautions to protect themselves.

Skin contact: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Effects of exposure (skin contact) to substance may be

delayed. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the

material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Eye contact: IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Contact with

material may irritate or burn eyes. Call emergency medical service. Move victim to fresh air. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Effects of exposure to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting with out medical advice. Effects of exposure (ingestion) to substance may be delayed. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or

label. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If a person vomits place them in the recovery position so that vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Rinse mouth. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Symptoms/effects:

Acute: Redness.

Delayed: May cause skin sensitization. May have effects on the respiratory tract.

Immediate medical attention: WARNING: It might be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth respiration, because

the inhaled material is harmful. CAUTION: Victim may be a source of contamination. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Use first aid treatment according to the nature of the injury. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray, or alcohol-resistant foam. Consult with local fire authorities before

attempting large scale fire fighting operations.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products: These products include: Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides Silicates

Other specific hazards: Closed containers may explode from heat of a fire.

Special precautions for fire-fighters:

Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Containers may explode when heated. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural fire fighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it may not be effective in spill situations. Wear chemical protective clothing which is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch

damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (Section 8). Warn unnecessary personnel to move away. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Personal protective equipment: Wear eye protection (splash goggles) and face protection (full length face shield). Wear protective clothing

(chemical resistant suit and chemical resistant boots). Dust respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH

approved respirator or equivalent. Wear protective gloves (nitrile).

Emergency procedures: Prevent dust cloud. Do not clean-up or dispose except under supervision of a specialist. In case of a spill

and/or a leak, always shut off any sources of ignition, ventilate the area, and excercise caution. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Warn personnel to move away. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dike far ahead of spill; use dry sand to contain the flow of material. Ventilate the area.

Environmental precautions:

Keep away from living quarters. Environmental hazard. Do not let product enter drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Good general ventilation

should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Keep container dry. Handle and open container with care. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. When using do not eat, drink, or smoke.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage: Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from

incompatibles. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent

leakage. Avoid prolonged storage periods.

Storage incompatibilities: Store away from oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits: No data available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ventilation is normally required when handling or using this product. Eyewash fountains should be provided in areas where there is any possibility that workers could be exposed to the substance. Follow safe industrial engineering/laboratory practices when handling any chemical.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Dust respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:Safety glasses. **Skin and body protection:**Lab coat.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state (20°C): Solid

Form: Crystal - Powder
Color: White - Very pale yellow
Odor: No data available
Odor threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point:181°C (358°F)pH:No data availableBoiling point/range:No data availableVapor pressure:No data availableDecomposition temperature:No data availableVapor density:No data availableRelative density:No data availableDynamic Viscosity:No data available

Kinematic Viscosity: No data available

Partition coefficient: No data available Evaporation rate: No data available

n-octanol/water (log Pow) (Butyl Acetate = 1)

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Flash point: 183°C (361°F) Autoignition temperature: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): No data available Flammability or explosive limits:

Lower: No data available

Upper: No data available

Solubility(ies):

Water: Insoluble

Soluble: Benzene, Chloroform, Carbon disulfide

Slightly soluble: Acetone

Very slightly soluble: Methanol, Ethanol, Hexane

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not Available.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. (See Section 7)

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: No hazardous reactivity has been reported.

Conditions to avoid:
Incompatible materials:
Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Avoid excessive heat and light.
Strong oxidizing agents
No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

RTECS Number: ZH0350000

Acute Toxicity:

ipr-mus LD50:142 mg/kg orl-rat LD50:700 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation:

No data available

Serious eye damage/irritation:

eye-rbt 100 mg/24H MOD

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity: mmo-sat 25 ug/plate (+/-S9)

Carcinogenicity:

orl-mus TDLo:28 g/kg/78W-I scu-mus TDLo:464 mg/kg

IARC: No data available NTP: No data available OSHA: No data available

Reproductive toxicity: No data available

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye contact, Ingestion, Skin contact.

Symptoms related to exposure:

Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Skin contact may result in inflammation; characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or occasionally blistering. Skin contact may result in redness, pain or dry skin. Eye contact may result in redness or pain. Skin contact may result in sensitization. Readily absorbed through skin. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system.

Potential Health Effects:

Skin and eye contact may result in irritation. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system.

Target organ(s):

May cause respiratory irritation.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Fish:No data availableCrustacea:No data availableAlgae:No data available

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Persistence and degradability:

Bioaccumulative potential (BCF):

Mobillity in soil:

Partition coefficient:

No data available
No data available
No data available

n-octanol/water (log P_{ow}) Soil adsorption (Koc):

Henry's Law: constant (PaM³/mol) No data available No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of product: Recycle to process if possible. It is the generator's responsibility to comply with Federal, State and Local

rules and regulations. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. This section is intended to provide assistance but does not replace these laws, nor does compliance in accordance with this section ensure regulatory compliance according to the law. US EPA guidelines for Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. The product should not be allowed to enter the environment, drains,

water ways, or the soil.

Disposal of container: Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Other considerations: Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US) Non-hazardous for transportation.

IATA Non-hazardous for transportation.

IMDG Non-hazardous for transportation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA 8b.):

This product is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA Hazardous substance and Reportable Quantity:

SARA 313: Not Listed SARA 302: Not Listed

State Regulations

State Right-to-Know

MassachusettsNot ListedNew JerseyNot ListedPennsylvaniaNot ListedCalifornia Proposition 65:Not Listed

Other Information

NFPA Rating: HMIS Classification:

International Inventories

WHMIS hazard class: D2A: Materials causing other toxic effects. (Very Toxic)

D2B: Materials causing other toxic effects. (Toxic)

EC-No: 238-270-9

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision number: 2

TCI chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our SDS are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated SDS for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, face mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state and local regulations.