

9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St., Taipei, Taiwan Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218 E-mail: sales@abnova.com

Datasheet

MUSK monoclonal antibody (M03), clone 4C12

Catalog Number: H00004593-M03

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse monoclonal antibody

raised against a partial recombinant MUSK.

Clone Name: 4C12

Immunogen: MUSK (NP_005583, 301 a.a. ~ 400 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the

GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Sequence:

ISIAEWSKPQKDNKGYCAQYRGEVCNAVLAKDALVFL NTSYADPEEAQELLVHTAWNELKVVSPVCRPAAEALL CNHIFQECSPGVVPTPIPICREYCLA

Host: Mouse

Reactivity: Human

Applications: ELISA, S-ELISA, WB-Ce, WB-Re

(See our web site product page for detailed applications

information)

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Isotype: IgG2a Kappa

Storage Buffer: In 1x PBS, pH 7.4

Storage Instruction: Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to

avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 4593

Gene Symbol: MUSK

Gene Alias: MGC126323, MGC126324

Gene Summary: Intercellular communication is often mediated by receptors on the surface of one cell that recognize and are activated by specific protein ligands released by other cells. Members of one class of cell

surface receptors, receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs), are characterized by having a cytoplasmic domain containing intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity. This kinase activity is regulated by the binding of a cognate ligand to the extracellular portion of the receptor. DeChiara et al. (1996) [PubMed 8653786] noted that the RTKs, known to be expressed in cell type-specific fashions, play a role critical for the growth and differentiation of those cell types. For example, members of the neural-specific TRK family that recognize nerve growth factor are absolutely required for the survival and development of discrete neuronal subpopulations, and the receptor tyrosine kinases TIE1 (MIM 600222) and TIE2 (MIM 600221) play a critical role in the development of normal blood vessels.[supplied by OMIM]