

## Datasheet

### FBXO32 polyclonal antibody

**Catalog Number:** PAB15627

**Regulation Status:** For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Goat polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of FBXO32.

**Immunogen:** A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids at internal region of human FBXO32.

**Sequence:** C-NSKTKTQYFHQEK

**Host:** Goat

**Theoretical MW (kDa):** 41.6, 24.7

**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse

**Applications:** ELISA, WB-Ti

(See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

**Protocols:** See our web site at

<http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

**Specificity:** Approximately 40 KDa band observed in human and mouse skeletal muscle lysates (calculated MW of 41.6 KDa according to human NP\_478136.1 and of 41.5 KDa according to mouse NP\_080622.1).

**Form:** Liquid

**Purification:** Antigen affinity purification

**Concentration:** 0.5 mg/mL

**Recommend Usage:** ELISA (1:32000)

Western Blot (0.1-0.3 ug/mL)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

**Storage Buffer:** In Tris saline, pH 7.3 (0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide)

**Storage Instruction:** Store at -20°C.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Entrez GeneID:** 114907

**Gene Symbol:** FBXO32

**Gene Alias:** FLJ32424, Fbx32, MAFbx, MGC33610

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the F-box protein family which is characterized by an approximately 40 amino acid motif, the F-box. The F-box proteins constitute one of the four subunits of the ubiquitin protein ligase complex called SCFs (SKP1-cullin-F-box), which function in phosphorylation-dependent ubiquitination. The F-box proteins are divided into 3 classes: Fbws containing WD-40 domains, Fbls containing leucine-rich repeats, and Fbxs containing either different protein-protein interaction modules or no recognizable motifs. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the Fbxs class and contains an F-box domain. This protein is highly expressed during muscle atrophy, whereas mice deficient in this gene were found to be resistant to atrophy. This protein is thus a potential drug target for the treatment of muscle atrophy. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants encoding two isoforms of different sizes. [provided by RefSeq]

#### References:

1. Muscle-specific MicroRNA1 (miR1) Targets Heat Shock Protein 70 (HSP70) during Dexamethasone-mediated Atrophy. Kukreti H, Amuthavalli K, Harikumar A, Sathiyamoorthy S, Feng PZ, Anantharaj R, Tan SL, Lokireddy S, Bonala S, Sriram S, McFarlane C, Kambadur R, Sharma M J Biol Chem. 2013 Mar 1;288(9):6663-78. doi: 10.1074/jbc.M112.390369. Epub 2013 Jan 6.
2. The muscle-specific ubiquitin ligase atrogin-1/MAFbx mediates statin-induced muscle toxicity. Hanai J, Cao P, Tanksale P, Imamura S, Koshimizu E, Zhao J, Kishi S, Yamashita M, Phillips PS, Sukhatme VP, Lecker SH. J Clin Invest. 2007 Dec;117(12):3940-51.